





The Cybersecurity Ecosystem SCAP, SwAAP, et.al.





Remembering the Acronyms

CPE (Platforms)
• CVE (Vulnerabilities)
CVSS (Scoring System)
CCE (Configurations)
XCCDF (Configuration Checklists)
OVAL (Assessment Language)
OCIL (Interactive Language)
CWE (Weaknesses)
CAPEC (Attack Patterns)
• CEE (Events)
• ARF (Results)
MAEC (Malware Attributes)

Standardization Efforts leveraged by the Security Content Automation Protocol (SCAP)

What IT systems do I have in my enterprise?	CPE (Platforms)
What vulnerabilities do I need to worry about?	CVE (Vulnerabilities)
What vulnerabilities do I need to worry about RIGHT NOW?	CVSS (Scoring System)
How can I configure my systems more securely?	CCE (Configurations)
How do I define a policy of secure configurations?	XCCDF (Configuration Checklists)
How can I be sure my systems conform to policy?	OVAL (Assessment Language)
How can I be sure the operation of my systems conforms to policy?	OCIL (Interactive Language)
What weaknesses in my software could be exploited?	CWE (Weaknesses)
What attacks can exploit which weaknesses?	CAPEC (Attack Patterns)
What should be logged, and how?	• CEE (Events)
How can I aggregate assessment results?	• ARF (Results)
How can we recognize malware?	MAEC (Malware Attributes)

SCAP - FDCC and USGCB



OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

June 1, 2007

M-07-18

MEMORANDUM FOR

FROM:

SUBJECT:

The Office of M
"Implementation of Cor
Systems," which stated:
and/or plans to upgrade
configurations by Febru

This memorando solicitations to ensure n information technology configurations. Your as

- "a) The provider and operate (Configuratio Windows XI see: http://cs settings, see:
- b) The standard software shat configuration
 Service for it silently instantal
- c) Applications without elev



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

August 11, 2008

M-08-22

MEMORANDUM FOR THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICERS

FROM: Karen S. Evans

Administrator

E-Government and Information Technology

SUBJECT: Guidance on the Federal Desktop Core Configuration (FDCC)

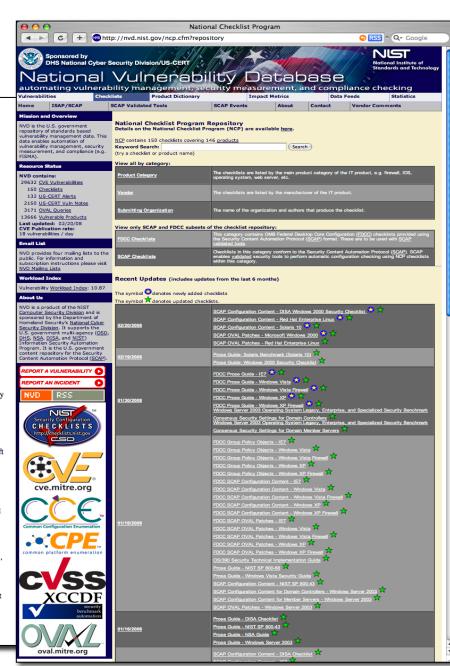
In March 2007, OMB Memorandum M-07-11 announced the "Implementation of Commonly Accepted Security Configurations for Windows Operating Systems," directing agencies with Windows XP TM deployed and/or plan to upgrade to the Vista TM operating system to adopt the Federal Desktop Core Configuration (FDCC) security configurations developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), the Department of Defense (DoD) and the Department of Homeland Security (DHS).

On June 20, 2008, NIST published the updated Federal Desktop Core Configuration Major Version 1.0 settings release. Relative to the previous version of FDCC which was originally posted in July 2007, 40 settings have changed. Changes were derived from public comment during the April and May 2008 public comment periods, analysis of the March 31, 2008, Agency FDCC reports and subject matter expertise. FDCC Major Version 1.0 settings are available at http://nvd.nist.gov/fdcc/download_fdcc.cfm.

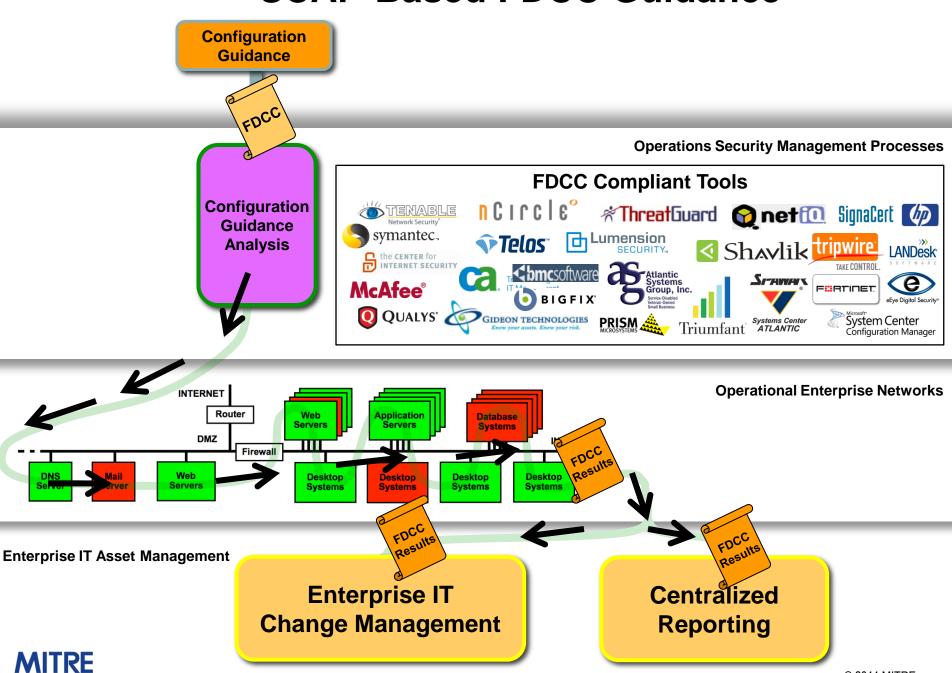
Federal Desktop Core Configuration Major Version 1.0

FDCC Major Version 1.0 is based on Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack (SP) 2 and Microsoft Windows Vista SP 1. Although Security Content Automation Protocol (SCAP) Content has been engineered so that it will also operate on Windows XP SP3, near-term Windows XP patch checking will be oriented toward Windows XP SP2. It is understood that many managed environments throughout the Federal government implement service packs shortly after their release. While near-term Windows XP checking is based on Windows XP/SP2, we do not anticipate any significant measurement issues for Windows XP/SP3. NIST is currently working with IT product vendors to develop additional SCAP Content based on the FDCC settings for other platforms and applications.

To coincide with the release of FDCC Major Version 1.0, new SCAP Content has also been made available. This SCAP Content is inclusive of the 40 FDCC settings changes. At this time, the FDCC is comprised of settings located at http://fdcc.nist.gov that can be checked using the updated SCAP Content and SCAP-validated tools with FDCC Scanning capability as specified on the NIST website at http://nvd.nist.gov/scapproducts.cfm. Not all FDCC settings can be checked using automated scanning tools. NIST is coordinating the refinement of SCAP Content



SCAP-Based FDCC Guidance

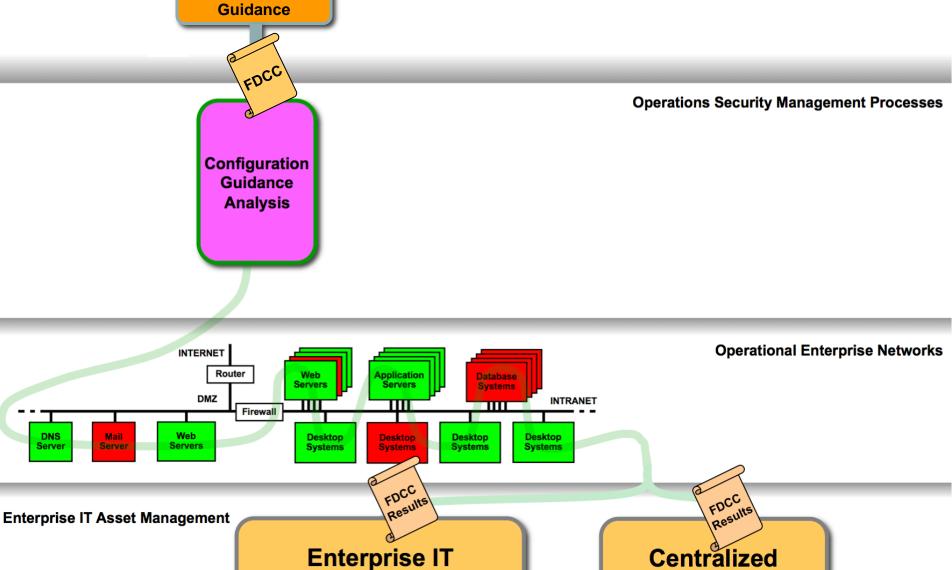


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Knowledge Repositories

Configuration

SCAP-Based FDCC Reporting

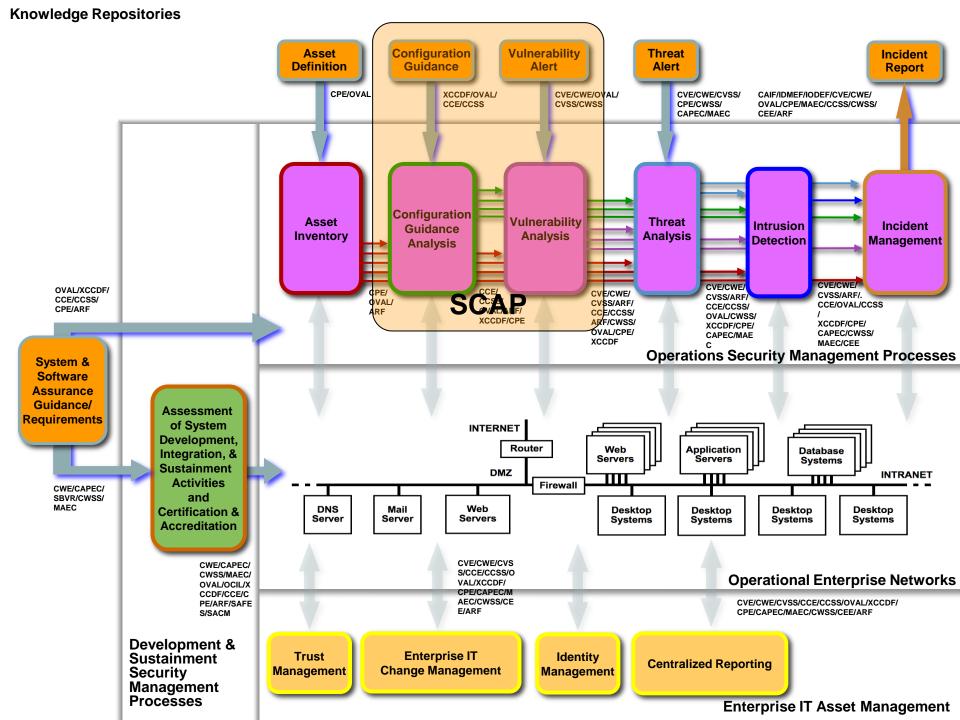


Reporting

Change Management

MITRE

DNS



SCAP **CVE CPE** CCE **OVAL** OCIL **XCCDF CVSS**

SCAP 1.1 uses the following specifications:

- Extensible Configuration Checklist Description Format (XCCDF) 1.1.4, a language for authoring security checklists/benchmarks and for reporting results of checklist evaluation [QUI08]
- Open Vulnerability and Assessment Language (OVAL) 5.6, a language for representing system configuration information, assessing machine state, and reporting assessment results
- Open Checklist Interactive Language (OCIL) 2.0, a language for representing security checks that requires human feedback
- Common Platform Enumeration (CPE) 2.2, a nomenclature and dictionary of hardware, operating systems, and applications [BUT09]
 - Common Configuration Enumeration (CCE) 5, a nomenclature and configurations
- Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE), a nomenclature an software flaws⁹
- Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS) 2.0, an open speci severity of software flaw vulnerabilities [MEL07].

National Institute of Standards and Technology U.S. Department of Commerce Special Publication 800-126

The Technical Specification for the Security Content Automation Protocol (SCAP): SCAP Version 1.1 (DRAFT)

Recommendations of the National Institute of Standards and Technology

Stephen Quinn David Waltermire Christopher Johnson Karen Scarfone John Bandhart

Other Automation Protocols Can Capture the Government Use Cases...

Enterprise System Information Protocol (ESIP)

 For reporting of asset inventory information. Common Platform Enumeration (CPE), etc.

Threat Analysis Automation Protocol (TAAP)

For reporting and sharing structured threat information. Malware
 Attribute Enumeration & Characterization (MAEC), Common Attack
 Pattern Enumeration & Classification (CAPEC), Common Platform
 Enumeration (CPE), Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE), Open
 Vulnerability and Assessment Language (OVAL), Common
 Configuration Enumeration (CCE), and Common Vulnerabilities and
 Exposures (CVE).

Event Management Automation Protocol (EMAP)

For reporting of security events. Common Event Expression (CEE),
 Malware Attribute Enumeration & Characterization (MAEC), and
 Common Attack Pattern Enumeration & Classification (CAPEC).

Other Automation Protocols Can Capture the Government Use Cases...(concluded)

Incident Tracking and Assessment Protocol (ITAP)

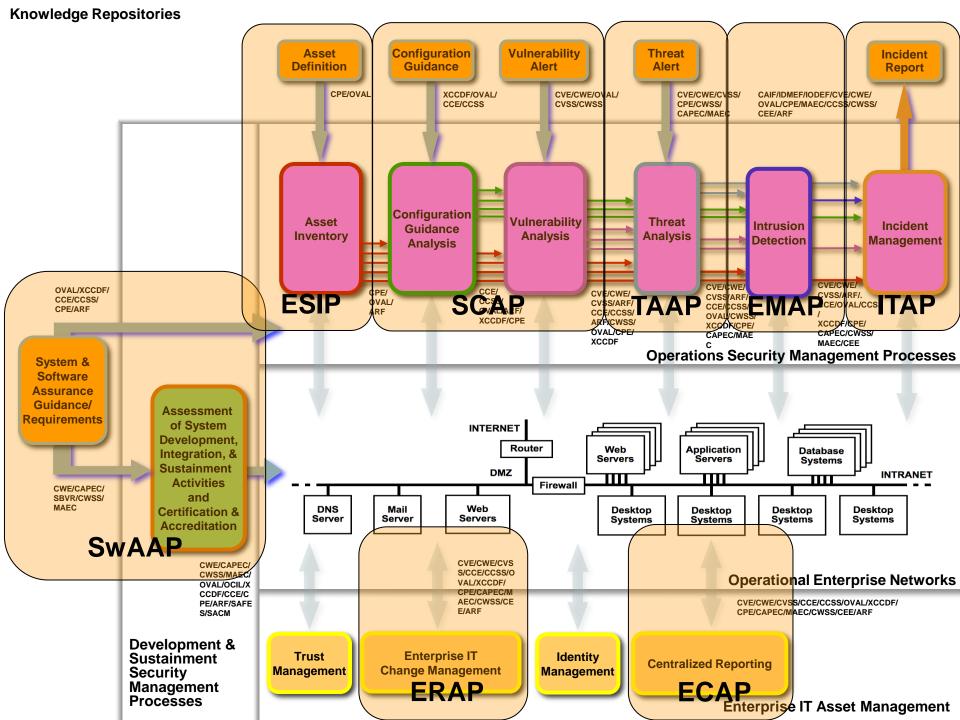
For tracking, reporting, managing and sharing incident information. Open Vulnerability and Assessment Language (OVAL), Common Platform Enumeration (CPE), Common Configuration Enumeration (CCE), Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE), Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS), Malware Attribute Enumeration & Characterization (MAEC), Common Attack Pattern Enumeration & Classification (CAPEC), Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE), Common Event Expression (CEE), Incident Object Description Exchange Format (IODEF), National Information Exchange Model (NIEM), and Cybersecurity Information Exchange Format (CYBEX).

Enterprise Remediation Automation Protocol (ERAP)

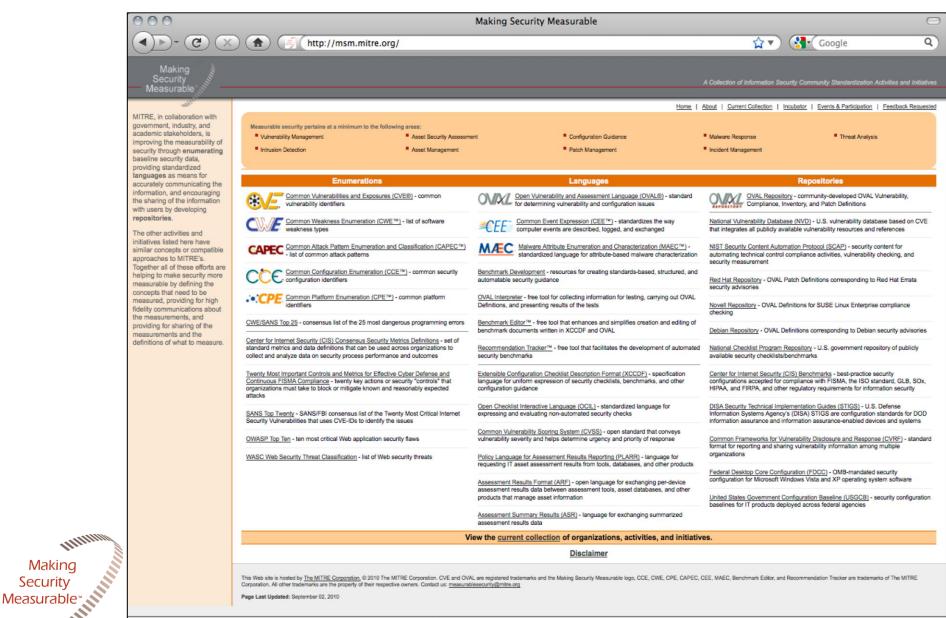
For automated remediation of mis-configuration & missing patches.
 Common Remediation Enumeration (CRE), Extended Remediation
 Information (ERI), Open Vulnerability and Assessment Language (OVAL),
 Common Platform Enumeration (CPE), and Common Configuration
 Enumeration (CCE).

Enterprise Compliance Automation Protocol (ECAP)

For reporting configuration compliance. Asset Reporting Format (ARF),
 Open Checklist Reporting Language (OCRL), etc.



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